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The experience of developing the skills of working with historical concepts of elementary school students of foreign countries

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ABSTRACT

In this article, the experience of developing the skills of working with historical concepts of primary education students of foreign countries, modern textbooks of the new generation, Historical concept, historical memories and indelible memories of the legacy of our ancestors were discussed.

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First of all, the education and upbringing process of each country is carried out on the basis of its own laws and regulations. It has always been one of the most difficult problems to develop students' independent thinking skills. Today's new generation textbooks are also based on the development of students' logical thinking skills and independent thinking skills.

Our first president I.A. As Karimov said, "There is no future without historical memory." And every person should carefully study his history as he steps towards the future. In order to develop historical concepts in elementary grades, we should help them as much as we can so that they can learn and study the indelible memories left by our ancestors in history. Each era and country has its own history and ancestors who have written their marks in history. In order to develop historical concepts in each country, information about the history and ancestors of that country is given and basic knowledge is taught.

First of all, let's answer the question of what "History" is:

History is derived from the Arabic word meaning time, period, era, date, and deals with discovering, collecting, organizing, and presenting information about past events. History provides information about what happened in each period. It also incorporates the effective methods of the educational process and the unique aspects of the process of giving and receiving education in each period.

Speaking on the topic of history, President Sh. As M. Mirziyoyev said: "Nowhere is there such a rich history as our country, great scholars like our grandfathers." Therefore, we should be proud of such a rich history, and feel a special sense of pride in the process of learning and teaching it.

A historical concept is the teaching of history to learners through the teaching of historical sources. Each historical source forms the basis of a historical concept. History is a key factor in shaping the future of any nation. True, historical memories and indelible memories are the legacy of our ancestors, and it is important that we help them learn and teach as much as we can. Each country and period has its own history and

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Volume 30, May 2024

ancestors, and in order to develop these historical concepts, it is necessary to study the history and ancestors of that country, obtain information from them, and provide basic teaching subjects.

Tarikh means "time", "period", "era", "date" from its Arabic origin. This is related to opening, collecting, sorting and displaying information about past events. History shows the events that happened in each period. These events include methods in the educational process and characteristics in the teaching and learning process.

On the topic of history, our President Sh.M. Mirziyoyev's statement, "There is no rich history like our country, great scholars like our grandfathers anywhere" has its own recognition. That being the case, we should be proud of our rich history, and learn our own sense of pride in its learning and teaching.

Historical concept refers to teaching history to students in the process of teaching using historical sources. Each historical source forms the basis of a historical concept. And history is the main factor for creating the future of every nation.

Here are some additional points about the importance of teaching and learning historical concepts:

- 1. Understanding Identity and Heritage: Learning about history allows individuals to develop a sense of identity and understand their cultural heritage. It helps them connect with their roots, traditions, and the experiences of their ancestors. By studying historical concepts, individuals can gain a deeper appreciation for their own culture and the diverse cultures of others.
- 2. Critical Thinking and Analytical Skills: History education fosters critical thinking and analytical skills. It encourages individuals to analyze and interpret primary and secondary sources, evaluate evidence, and form reasoned arguments. By examining different historical perspectives and sources, students learn to think critically, question assumptions, and develop their own informed opinions.
- 3. Lessons from the Past: History provides valuable lessons from the past that can guide present and future decision-making. By studying historical events, individuals can gain insights into human behavior, understand the consequences of actions, and learn from both successes and failures. History offers a wealth of examples, case studies, and narratives that can inform decision-making in various fields, including politics, economics, and social issues.
- 4. Empathy and Perspective-Taking: Studying history encourages empathy and perspective-taking by exposing students to different cultures, societies, and historical contexts. It helps individuals develop a broader worldview and understand the experiences, challenges, and triumphs of people from diverse backgrounds. By understanding the past, students can develop empathy for others and become more tolerant and inclusive in their perspectives.
- 5. Civic Engagement and Active Citizenship: Historical knowledge is crucial for active citizenship and civic engagement. Understanding the historical development of political systems, social movements, and human rights helps individuals become informed and engaged citizens. It equips them with the knowledge to participate in democratic processes, advocate for social justice, and contribute to their communities.
- 6. Preservation of Collective Memory: History plays a vital role in preserving collective memory. It ensures that significant events, achievements, and struggles are not forgotten. By studying and teaching historical concepts, societies can honor their shared past, commemorate important milestones, and preserve the legacy of previous generations for future ones.

In conclusion, teaching and learning historical concepts help individuals develop a sense of identity, critical thinking skills, empathy, and a broader understanding of the world. It enables them to learn from the past, actively engage in society, and contribute to a better future.

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Periodica Journal of Modern Philosophy, Social Sciences and Humanities

Volume 30, May 2024

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25